

# St. Elizabeth Hospital Boardman Campus Inpatient Facility

Boardman, Ohio

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**Josh Behun**  
Structural Option

Technical Report #2  
November 8, 2007

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## Executive Summary

The purpose of this report is to analyze the current floor system in place at the St. Elizabeth Hospital Inpatient Facility and compare it against a few possible alternative systems, determining if another system may be a more reasonable solution, and if so, by what means.

### Existing Floor System

The current floor system of the St. Elizabeth Boardman Hospital is a two-way slab system comprised of a 4" light weight concrete slab on 2" – 20 gage galvanized composite decking with 5" long  $\frac{3}{4}$ " diameter shear studs and a 6x6-W2.1xW2.1 welded wire fabric reinforcement system. The framing for the buildings super majority of the beams for the floor framing are 21" in depth with a typical span of 34', while the girders for the building are sized on average at W30x90 where the façade is brick and W18x40 where the outer façade is the aluminum panel curtain wall system. The floor to floor height of each story two through seven is 14'-8" tall, while the floor to floor height for the ground floor is 15'-4" in height.

### Alternative Systems

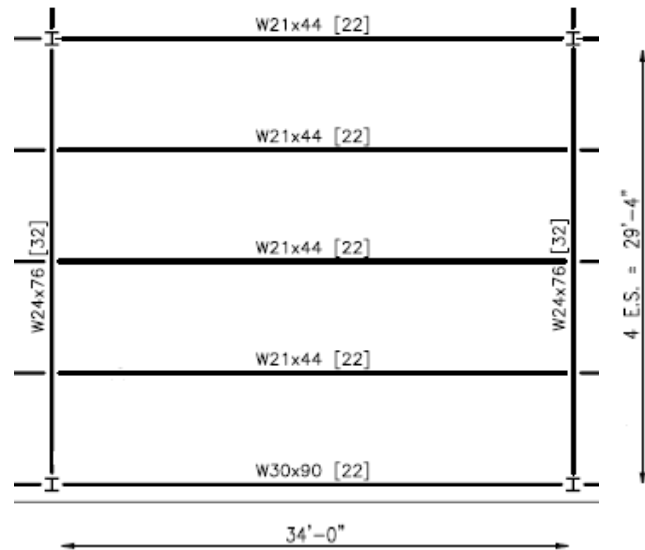
The alternative systems that have been analyzed for comparison are as follows:

- Non-composite lightweight slab on steel framing.
- Two-way slab with drop panels.
- Hollowcore planks on steel framing.
- Waffle slab.

The alternative systems analyzed were calculated using the typical 34'x 29'-4" bay shown here.

### Conclusion

Due to the building's shape and layout it seems as though a concrete structural system would not be an acceptable alternative without making some minor, if not substantial, changes to the building plan and column grid system. Though the concrete design alternatives do offer smaller floor thicknesses, building height doesn't seem to pose an issue for the hospital's location. The best system for the existing design appears to be the one currently in place. Steel framing systems allow for much more flexibility in design and can be built to suit most situations. Though some analysis and design to resist vibration concerns as well as additional fireproofing must be accounted for with steel designs, to meet the architectural layout provided steel would be most effective.



## Structural System Overview

### **Foundation**

The foundation for the St. Elizabeth Hospital Inpatient Facility consists of 16" diameter auger cast grout injected piles with a capacity of 50 tons and an  $f'_c$  of 4000 psi, including (4) #6 vertical bars for the top 20' of the piles and #3 ties spaced at 16" on center. The vertical reinforcement from each pile is to extend 18" into its corresponding pile cap or grade beam with a 90° hook of 2'-0" in length. Several of the column piers will be constructed on existing footings, subsequent reinforcement bars are to be drilled and grouted into the existing footing with Hilti epoxy adhesives, providing a minimum embedment of 8".

### **Floor System**

The floor system of the St. Elizabeth Hospital Inpatient Facility is a two-way slab system comprised of a 4" light weight concrete slab on 2" – 20 gage galvanized composite decking with 5" long  $\frac{3}{4}$ " diameter shear studs and a 6x6-W2.1xW2.1 welded wire fabric reinforcement system. The majority of the beams for the floor framing are 21" in depth with a typical span of 34'. On the first two floors, the new addition's floor systems are connected to the existing floor slabs as well as the masonry walls by  $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter Hilti adhesive anchors spaced at 24" on center, with a minimum embedment of 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

### **Superstructure**

The framing for the structural system consists by in large of wide flange structural steel members. The typical column size for the building is within the range of W12x40 to W12x136, while there are a minimal number of W10 and W14 columns throughout the atypical areas of the new addition. The girders for the building are on average W30x90 where the façade is brick and W18x40 where the outer façade is the aluminum panel curtain wall system. The floor to floor height of each story two through seven is 14'-8" tall while the floor to floor height for the first floor is 15'-4" in height.

### **Lateral System**

The bracing system for the lateral load resistance consists of several types of bracings on each story comprised of HSS members, including chevron braces, knee braces, and cross braces.

### **Roof System**

The roofing system is a flat roof which consists of structural steel members similar to that of the floor system. The area where the HVAC units rest has a slab of 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " light weight concrete on 2" – 20 gage galvanized composite decking with 6x6-W2.1xW2.1 welded wire fabric reinforcement. While the remainder of the roof area, including the penthouse roof, is constructed of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ "-20 gage galvanized wide ribbed steel roof deck.

**Design Loads**

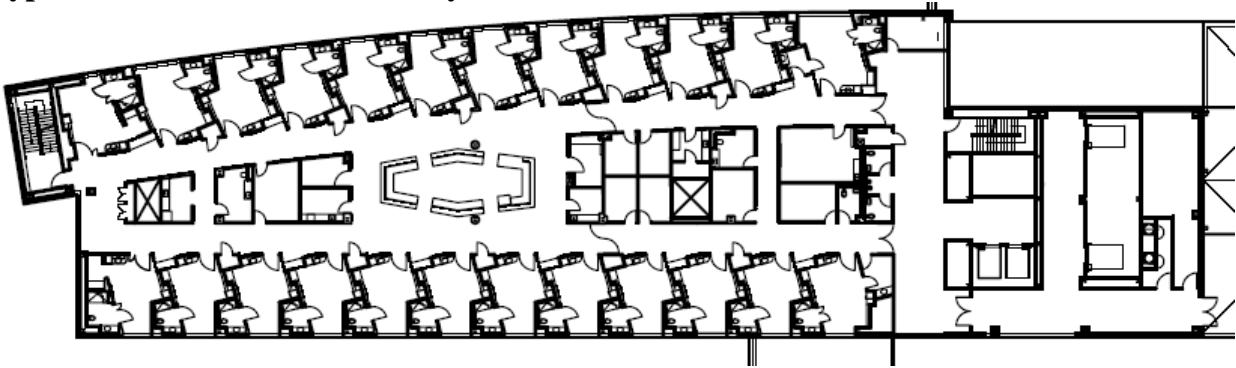
**Dead Loads**

	First Floor	Second Floor	Typical Floors Above	Roof
Concrete Slab	46 psf	46 psf	46 psf	52.5 psf
Metal Decking	2 psf	2psf	2 psf	2 psf
Steel Members	70 psf	70 psf	70 psf	62 psf
Partitions	20 psf	20 psf	20 psf	----
Collateral	20 psf	20 psf	20 psf	----
Total Area				
Total Weight				

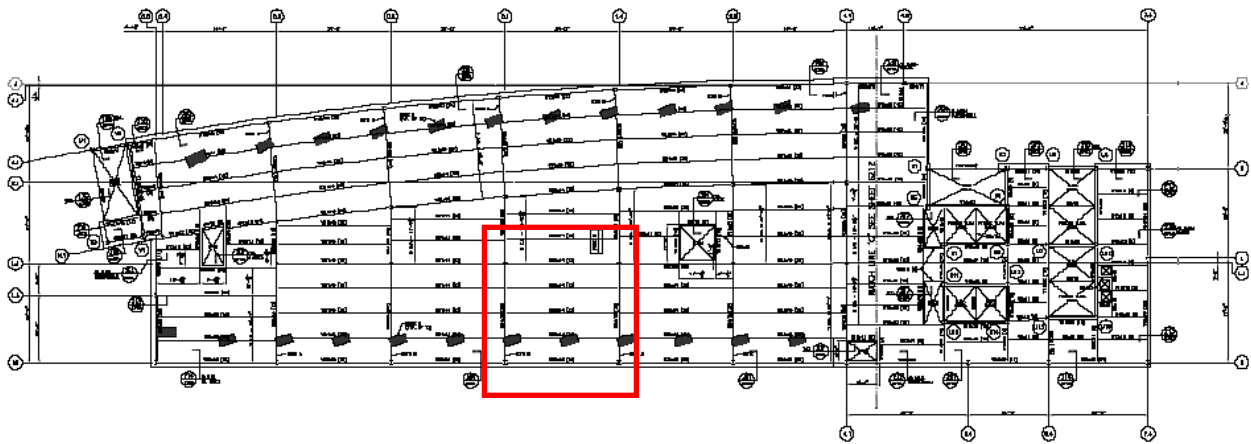
**Live Loads**

Roof	30 psf
Public Areas	100 psf
Lobbies	100 psf
First Floor Corridors	100 psf
Corridors Above First Floor	80 psf
Patient Rooms	60 psf
Light Storage	125 psf
Catwalks	25 psf
Mechanical	175 psf
Stairs	100 psf

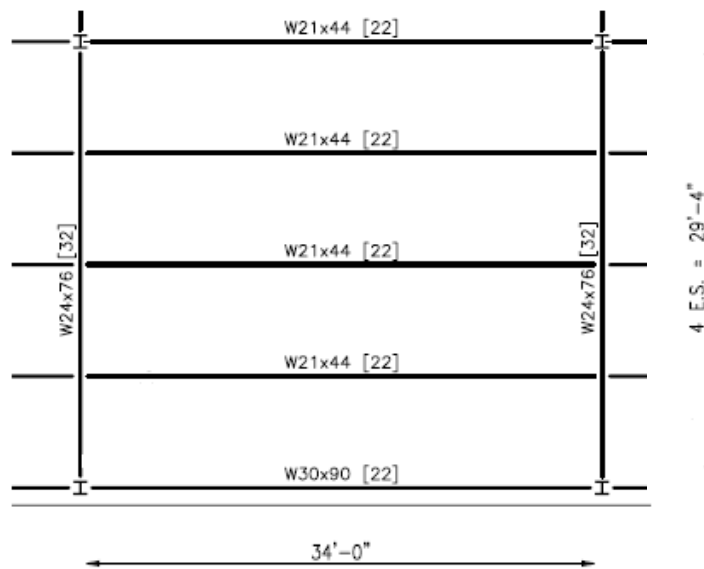
Typical Floor Plan for Seven Story Addition



Typical Framing Plan for Seven Story Addition



Typical Bay Along Exterior Wall Featuring Brick Façade

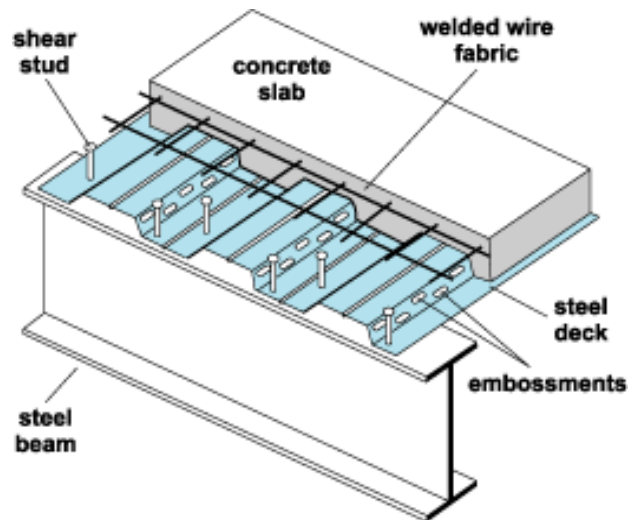


## Non-Composite Lightweight Slab on Steel Framing

The first alternative system analyzed is one quite similar to the system currently in place at the hospital. This non-composite slab system is a concrete slab that is placed directly onto 2"-20 gage steel decking spanning across simply supported steel joists which then transfer respective loads into girders and so on. The one main difference between this system and the one currently in use within the hospital is the component that creates the composite action in the original design, the shear studs used in the flooring system.

### Advantages

The main advantage to using a non-composite slab system is the lack of shear studs being used in the floor system. First of all, not having shear studs causes the construction process to be simpler, lowering construction costs for both material and labor. Also, the lack of studs lowers the dead load of the floor system, making a lessening of the beam and girder sizes possible. In general, with the exception of any amount of lead time, steel erection can be a very quick process



### Disadvantages

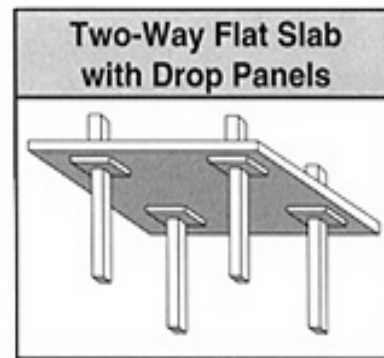
One main disadvantage with steel is that there is a greater possibility for vibration issues to arise in a steel framing system, especially when the steel and concrete slabs aren't used in composite action as in this redesign. Also, as in the original design, the steel beams will require some amount of additional fireproofing to ensure that they can resist any deflection that would occur due to extreme heat during a fire.

## Two-Way Slab with Drop Panels

This alternative flooring system is an entirely concrete structural system with steel reinforcing bars spanning in both the latitudinal and longitudinal directions. For analysis purposes the column grid is laid out in a three bay system spanning the short (North-South) direction, with columns in the long (East-West) direction spaced at every 34' on center. The two end bays in the short direction span a length of 29'-4" and have a slab thickness of 10¼", while the interior bay spans 24'-0" and can support a floor system with a slab thickness of 7½". Each column in the system is sized at 14"x14" and has a drop panel of 10'x10' at either 6" or 8.5" in thickness respectively, making the maximum floor depth of the system a total of 16.5".

### Advantages

Floor systems consisting of a completely structural concrete design system for the most part can allow for the use of a thinner floor in comparison to a slab on steel framing system. This design certainly does just that, cutting off nearly 20 inches of depth from the current floor system, leaving room for the ceiling system to hide mechanical or electrical equipment.



### Disadvantages

In comparison, the drop panel system seems to be a much heavier flooring method than the systems that utilize steel framing components. In addition, the construction of slabs with drop panels requires a more complicated construction process due to complex framing situations and a lengthier schedule for setting and curing. Also, a change in the column size and or layout may be required to successfully attain the maximum efficiency of the drop panel system. Furthermore, the drop panels can potentially be an obstruction to mechanical and electrical operations running through the ceilings or architectural features within the hospital.

Once all of the initial design parameters were established, this design was prepared using two different methods. The initial technique used for designing the floor system was the equivalent frame method, done by hand, to determine the necessary reinforcing for the short direction of the slab. Following that a computer program known as PCAslab, which also produces the equivalent frame method, was run to determine the reinforcing requirements for the long direction.

A second design of this system was analyzed using a third design method; the tables in the CRSI Design Handbook, which yield a slightly different design approach to the floor system, including slab and panel thicknesses as well as bar sizes and quantity and column sizes. This third design method considers the bays being analyzed to be perfectly square, which is not the assumption followed in the initial design for this dissertation.

Each design method used is based upon different assumptions, and thus may bear differing design dimensions, but there are many methods used to solve similar situations, showing that each system could possibly work as a viable solution.



## Hollowcore Planks

The next possible alternative proposed is pre-cast hollowcore planks. The design specifications for the hollowcore flooring planks used in this report come from Nitterhouse Concrete Products, Inc. All design tables are made available on their website at [www.nitterhouse.com](http://www.nitterhouse.com). The planks produced at Nitterhouse are pre-cast/pre-stressed planks constructed with normal weight, high strength concrete utilizing a minimum  $f'_c$  of 5000 psi. The planks are leveled and prepared for a floor finish using a 2" cast in place slab topping, which varies in thickness across the plank due to the amount of camber but also provides a two hour fire-resistance rating.

### **Advantages**

The main advantage of using the hollowcore floor system is the lack of a need for interior beams within the floor framing system, because the planks are capable of crossing long spans, joist-like intermittent beams are not necessary, thus using much less steel throughout the floor system. Another benefit of the hollowcore planks is the ease of constructability, through all seasons. The planks are pre-cast concrete that simply need to be hoisted and set into place, quickening the erection time and reducing on-site labor requirements. Also, hence the name, the planks have large continuous voids spanning through their centers, reducing concrete weight and cost, while leaving room for mechanical or electrical equipment runs. Lastly, the plank system works with the current framing plan in place, so no addition design would be required to support the plank system.



### **Disadvantages**

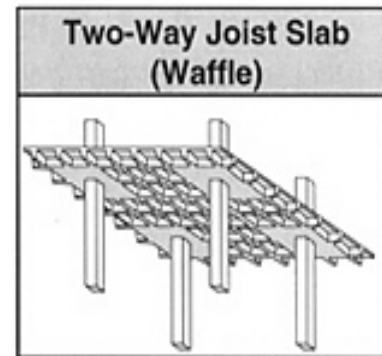
The disadvantages to using the hollowcore floor system begin with the fact that they require a substantial amount of lead time to acquire. Also, the slab thickness is considerably large, in this case the largest of all the systems analyzed, though a reduction in girder size throughout the floor framing would be a feasible solution to lessen this factor.

## Waffle Slab

The final alternative system analyzed is the waffle slab, another floor system comprised entirely of structural concrete. The design for this floor system was created using an adaptation from the tables in the CRSI Design Handbook. This floor is basically a two-way joist system. In order to decrease the dead weight of a solid slab system, the formwork for the floor creates 30"x30" voids in the bottom of the slab in a rectilinear pattern, which creates a two-way grid of ribs that resembles a waffle. The voids are not used in the direct vicinity of the columns so as to more effectively resist the shear and moment forces that occur at the columns. Columns were re-sized as concrete columns at 19"x19" and normal weight concrete was used throughout the design.

### **Advantages**

As with any purely concrete flooring system the total depth of the floor structure is much thinner than that of a steel framing system. The waffle system actually has the least depth of any of the systems evaluated at 15". If there is no need for a suspended ceiling, the void layout of the underneath of the slab system provides an interesting architectural feature for a ceiling that does not require any additional design or maintenance.



### **Disadvantages**

The construction process for the waffle slab flooring system can become quite complicated. The formwork for the slab is complex and installation can turn out to be rather labor intensive, especially if shoring becomes involved. Plus, since it is an entirely concrete structure the loading of the waffle system is fairly high. Also, as with the slab with drop panels, a variation in the column size and layout may be necessary for achieving maximum efficiency of this design, which has potential to make considerable changes to the architecture and or floor plan of the hospital.

## Alternative Systems Comparison

	Composite LWC Slab on Steel Framing (Existing)	Non-Composite LWC Slab on Steel Framing	Two-way Slab with Drop Panels	Hollowcore Planks on Steel Frame	Waffle Slab
Slab Depth	6" w/ deck	6.5" w/ deck	10.25"	12"	3"
Total Floor Depth	36"	36"	16.25"	42"	15"
Concrete Weight	46 psf	50 psf	100 psf	93 psf	140 psf
Total Weight	116 psf	121 psf	100 psf	153 psf	140 psf
Cost per sqft	\$26.30	\$24.10	\$17	\$10.50	\$24.60
Lead Time	Medium	Medium	Short	Long	Short
Constructability	Average	Average	Hard	Fast - Easy	Hard
Fireproofing Required	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Vibration Issues	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Architectural Issues Plausible	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Alternative Worth Further Study	Existing	Yes	No	Yes	No

## Conclusion

Due to the shape of the building and the current column grid used, it seems that a completely concrete structural system is not the best choice for alternative flooring solutions. With a few modifications, if it is reasonably possible to make minor adjustments without adversely affecting the functionality of the spaces, a concrete system would be a viable structural possibility for the building, if not for the entire building at least for isolated areas. A prefab structural system, however, does seem to be a feasible construction method to pursue further investigation for. Though, due to its flexible building methods and constructability, any conversion to a concrete structural system would certainly require alternative methods of lateral bracing as well, most likely involving the use of shear walls.

As it is, with the layout of the building, a steel framing system seems to be the most functional option. Steel has fairly simple constructability, is rather light in weight, and can be built to suit most conditions. A steel system would most likely require a check for vibration issues as well as additional fireproofing.

# Appendix

Appendix A – Non Composite Lightweight Slab on Steel Frame

Josh Behun      Tech 2      Non-Composite Slab  
Page 1

Non Composite Lightweight Slab on Steel Frame

Deck

$$\text{Load} = 80 \text{ psf} + 20 \text{ psf} = 100 \text{ psf}$$

LL
partitions

Use 20 gage 2" x 12" Lok-floor w/ 4.5" slab  
 max unshored span = 10.03' > 7.33' ok  
 max Live Load @ 7.5' span = 225 psf > 100 psf ok

Beams

$$WDL = \left[ \frac{5.5}{12} (110 \text{ psf}) + 2 + 20 \right] (7.33) + 44$$

slab
deck
partitions
beam wt. guess

$$= 575 \text{ plf}$$

$$W_u = 1.2 (575) + 1.6 (0.8 (7.33)) = 1.63 \text{ klf}$$

$$M_u = \frac{W_u L^2}{8} = \frac{1.63 (34)^2}{8} = 236 \text{ k}$$

$$L_u = 34' - 0''$$

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Tech 2

Non Composite Slab  
page 2

$$\Delta L \leq \frac{L}{360} = \frac{34(12)}{360} = 1.13$$

$$1.13 \geq \frac{5(.08(7.33)) \cdot 34^4(1728)}{384(29000)I}$$

$$I = 608 \text{ in}^4$$

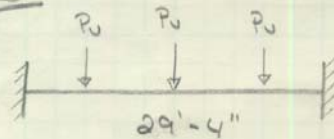
$$\Delta T \leq \frac{L}{240} = \frac{34(12)}{240} = 1.7$$

$$1.7 = \frac{5(1.162) \cdot 34^4(1728)}{384(29000)I}$$

$$I = 710 \text{ in}^4 \quad \leftarrow \text{governs}$$

Use W21 x 44 @ 7.33" o.c. (current beam)  
 $I = 843 \text{ in}^4 > 704$

Girder



$$P_u = 17' (1.2(.575) + 1.6(.586)) = 27.7 \text{ k}(2) = 55.5 \text{ k}$$

$$M_u^- = bPL = 0.313(55.5)(29.33) = 510 \text{ 'k}$$

$$M_u^+ = aPL = 0.188(55.5)(29.33) = 306 \text{ 'k}$$

from  
table 3-22a  
AISC-13

$$L_u = 7.33' \text{ unbraced length}$$

Josh Behun	Tech 2	Non-Composite Slab page 3
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$$\Delta L \leq \frac{l}{360} = \frac{29.33(12)}{360} = 0.978$$

$$\frac{Px^2}{48EI} (3L - 4x) + (2) \frac{Pb^2x^2}{6EIL^3} (3aL - 3ax - bx)$$

$$\frac{20(14.67)^2}{48(29000)I} (3(29.33) - 4(14.67))(1728)$$

$$+ \frac{20(7.33)^2(14.67)^2}{6(29000)I(29.33)^3} (3(22)(29.33) - 3(22)(14.67) - (7.33)14.67)(1728)$$

$$= \frac{157}{I} + \frac{226}{I} = 383 = 0.978 I$$

$$I = 392$$
  

$$\Delta T \leq \frac{l}{240} = \frac{29.33(12)}{240} = 1.47$$

$$\frac{55.5(14.67)^2}{48(29000)I} (3(29.33) - 4(14.67))(1728)$$

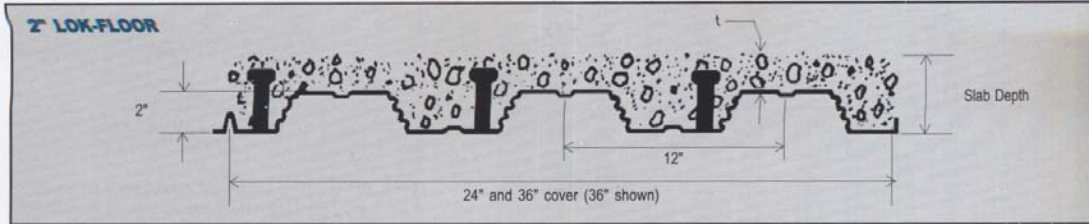
$$+ \frac{55.5(7.33)^2(14.67)^2}{6(29000)I(29.33)^3} (3(22)(29.33) - 3(22)(14.67) - (7.33)14.67)(1728)$$

$$= \frac{435}{I} + \frac{435}{I} = 870 = 1.47 I$$

$$I = 592$$

use W18x40

2 x 12" DECK  $F_y = 33\text{ksi}$   $f'_c = 3\text{ksi}$  115 pcf concrete



The Deck Section Properties are per foot of width. The I value is for positive bending (in.<sup>4</sup>); t is the gage thickness in inches; w is the weight in pounds per square foot;  $S_p$  and  $S_n$  are the section moduli for positive and negative bending (in.<sup>3</sup>);  $R_s$  and  $\phi V_n$  are the interior reaction and the shear in pounds (per foot of width); studs are the number of studs required per foot in order to obtain the full resisting moment,  $\phi M_{ref}$ .

Gage	t	w	$A_s$	I	$S_p$	$S_n$	$R_s$	$\phi V_n$	studs
22	0.0295	1.5	0.440	0.338	0.284	0.302	714	1990	0.43
20	0.0358	1.8	0.540	0.420	0.367	0.387	1010	2410	0.52
19	0.0418	2.1	0.630	0.490	0.445	0.458	1330	2810	0.61
18	0.0474	2.4	0.710	0.560	0.523	0.529	1680	3180	0.69
16	0.0598	3.1	0.900	0.700	0.654	0.654	2470	3990	0.87

The Composite Properties are a list of values for the composite slab. The slab depth is the distance from the bottom of the steel deck to the top of the slab in inches as shown on the sketch. U.L. ratings generally refer to the cover over the top of the deck so it is important to be aware of the difference in names.  $\phi M_{ref}$  is the factored resisting moment provided by the composite slab when the "full" number of studs as shown in the upper table are in place; inch kips (per foot of width).  $A_c$  is the area of concrete available to resist shear, in.<sup>2</sup> per foot of width. Vol. is the volume of concrete in ft.<sup>3</sup> per ft.<sup>2</sup> needed to make up the slab; no allowance for frame or deck deflection is included. W is the concrete weight in pounds per ft.<sup>2</sup>.  $S_c$  is the section modulus of the "cracked" concrete composite slab; in.<sup>3</sup> per foot of width.  $I_{tr}$  is the average of the "cracked" and "uncracked" moments of inertia of the transformed composite slab; in.<sup>4</sup> per foot of width. The  $I_{tr}$  transformed section analysis is based on steel; therefore, to calculate deflections the appropriate modulus of elasticity to use is  $29.5 \times 10^6$  psi.  $\phi M_{ref}$  is the factored resisting moment of the composite slab if there are no studs on the beams (the deck is attached to the beams or walls on which it is resting) inch kips (per foot of width).  $\phi V_n$  is the factored vertical shear resistance of the composite system; it is the sum of the shear resistances of the steel deck and the concrete but is not allowed to exceed  $\phi 4(f'_c)^{0.5} A_c$ ; pounds (per foot of width). The next three columns list the maximum unshored spans in feet; these values are obtained by using the construction loading requirements of the SDI; combined bending and shear, deflection, and interior reactions are considered in calculating these values.  $A_{weld}$  is the minimum area of welded wire fabric recommended for temperature reinforcing in the composite slab; square inches per foot.

Slab Depth	$\phi M_{ref}$ in.k	$A_c$ in <sup>2</sup>	Vol. ft <sup>3</sup> /ft <sup>2</sup>	W psf	$S_c$ in <sup>3</sup>	$I_{tr}$ in <sup>4</sup>	$\phi M_{ref}$ in.k	$\phi V_n$ lbs.	Max. unshored spans, ft.			$A_{weld}$	
									1span	2span	3span		
22 gage	4.50	40.27	32.6	0.292	34	1.00	4.4	28.13	4270	6.32	8.46	8.56	0.023
	5.00	46.44	37.5	0.333	38	1.18	6.0	33.12	4610	6.03	8.09	8.19	0.027
	5.25	49.53	40.0	0.354	41	1.27	6.9	35.69	4790	5.90	7.93	8.02	0.029
	5.50	52.61	42.6	0.375	43	1.36	7.9	38.29	4970	5.77	7.77	7.86	0.032
	6.00	58.78	48.0	0.417	48	1.55	10.1	43.58	5340	5.55	7.49	7.58	0.036
	6.25	61.87	50.8	0.438	50	1.65	11.3	46.26	5540	5.45	7.36	7.45	0.038
	6.50	64.95	53.6	0.458	53	1.75	12.7	48.97	5730	5.36	7.24	7.32	0.041
20 gage	7.00	71.12	59.5	0.500	58	1.94	15.7	54.44	6150	5.18	7.01	7.10	0.045
	7.25	74.21	61.9	0.521	60	2.04	17.4	57.20	6310	5.10	6.91	6.99	0.047
	7.50	77.29	64.3	0.542	62	2.14	19.2	59.97	6480	5.05	6.81	6.89	0.050
	4.50	48.60	32.6	0.292	34	1.20	4.8	33.77	4560	7.42	9.71	10.03	0.023
	5.00	56.18	37.5	0.333	38	1.42	6.5	39.80	5030	7.07	9.28	9.59	0.027
	5.25	59.96	40.0	0.354	41	1.53	7.4	42.91	5210	6.91	9.09	9.39	0.029
	5.50	63.75	42.6	0.375	43	1.64	8.5	46.05	5390	6.76	8.91	9.20	0.032
19 gage	6.00	71.32	48.0	0.417	48	1.87	10.9	52.47	5760	6.49	8.57	8.86	0.036
	6.25	75.11	50.8	0.438	50	1.99	12.2	55.73	5960	6.37	8.42	8.70	0.038
	6.50	78.90	53.6	0.458	53	2.10	13.7	59.02	6150	6.26	8.27	8.55	0.041
	7.00	86.47	59.5	0.500	58	2.34	16.9	65.67	6570	6.05	8.00	8.27	0.045
	7.25	90.26	61.9	0.521	60	2.46	18.7	69.03	6730	5.95	7.87	8.14	0.047
	7.50	94.05	64.3	0.542	62	2.58	20.6	72.41	6900	5.89	7.75	8.01	0.050
	4.50	55.85	32.6	0.292	34	1.38	5.1	36.67	4560	8.35	10.55	10.91	0.023
18 gage	5.00	64.68	37.5	0.333	38	1.63	6.9	45.61	5240	7.94	10.10	10.43	0.027
	5.25	69.10	40.0	0.354	41	1.75	7.9	49.19	5590	7.76	9.89	10.22	0.029
	5.50	73.52	42.6	0.375	43	1.88	9.0	52.83	5790	7.59	9.69	10.01	0.032
	6.00	82.35	48.0	0.417	48	2.15	11.6	60.25	6160	7.29	9.33	9.64	0.036
	6.25	86.77	50.8	0.438	50	2.28	13.0	64.02	6360	7.15	9.16	9.47	0.038
	6.50	91.19	53.6	0.458	53	2.42	14.5	67.83	6550	7.02	9.00	9.30	0.041
	7.00	100.03	59.5	0.500	58	2.69	17.9	75.53	6970	6.78	8.71	9.00	0.045
16 gage	7.25	104.44	61.9	0.521	60	2.83	19.8	79.42	7130	6.67	8.57	8.86	0.047
	7.50	108.86	64.3	0.542	62	2.97	21.8	83.33	7300	6.59	8.44	8.72	0.050
	4.50	62.08	32.6	0.292	34	1.53	5.4	42.99	4560	9.20	11.33	11.71	0.023
	5.00	72.04	37.5	0.333	38	1.81	7.3	50.72	5240	8.75	10.84	11.20	0.027
	5.25	77.02	40.0	0.354	41	1.95	8.3	54.72	5590	8.54	10.62	10.97	0.029
	5.50	82.00	42.6	0.375	43	2.10	9.5	58.78	5950	8.35	10.41	10.76	0.032
	6.00	91.95	48.0	0.417	48	2.39	12.1	67.07	6530	8.01	10.02	10.36	0.036
16 gage	6.25	96.93	50.8	0.438	50	2.54	13.6	71.29	6730	7.86	9.84	10.17	0.038
	6.50	101.91	53.6	0.458	53	2.69	15.2	75.55	6920	7.71	9.68	10.00	0.041
	7.00	111.87	59.5	0.500	58	3.00	18.8	84.17	7340	7.44	9.36	9.67	0.045
	7.25	116.85	61.9	0.521	60	3.16	20.7	88.52	7500	7.32	9.21	9.52	0.047
	7.50	121.83	64.3	0.542	62	3.31	22.8	92.91	7670	7.24	9.07	9.38	0.050
	4.50	62.08	32.6	0.292	34	1.88	6.0	42.99	4560	10.49	12.57	12.99	0.023
	5.00	72.04	37.5	0.333	38	2.22	8.0	50.72	5240	9.96	12.03	12.43	0.027
5.25	77.02	40.0	0.354	41	2.40	9.2	54.72	5590	9.72	11.78	12.18	0.029	
5.50	82.00	42.6	0.375	43	2.58	10.5	58.78	5950	9.50	11.55	11.94	0.032	
6.00	91.95	48.0	0.417	48	2.94	13.4	67.07	6700	9.11	11.13	11.50	0.036	
6.25	96.93	50.8	0.438	50	3.13	15.0	71.29	7090	8.93	10.94	11.30	0.038	
6.50	101.91	53.6	0.458	53	3.32	16.8	75.55	7490	8.76	10.75	11.11	0.041	
7.00	111.87	59.5	0.500	58	3.71	20.6	84.17	8150	8.45	10.40	10.75	0.045	
7.25	116.85	61.9	0.521	60	3.90	22.8	88.52	8310	8.31	10.24	10.59	0.047	
7.50	121.83	64.3	0.542	62	4.10	25.1	92.91	8480	8.22	10.09	10.43	0.050	

2" LOK-FLOOR

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		L, Uniform Live Service Loads, psf *													
Slab Depth	$\phi M_n$ in.k	6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00	9.50	10.00	10.50	11.00	11.50	12.00	
22 gage	4.50	40.27	400	370	315	270	235	205	180	160	140	125	110	100	90
	5.00	46.44	400	400	365	315	270	240	210	185	165	145	130	115	105
	5.25	49.53	400	400	390	335	290	255	225	195	175	155	140	125	110
	5.50	52.61	400	400	400	355	310	270	235	210	185	165	150	130	120
	6.00	58.78	400	400	400	400	345	300	265	235	210	185	165	150	135
	6.25	61.87	400	400	400	400	365	320	280	245	220	195	175	155	140
	6.50	64.95	400	400	400	400	380	335	295	260	230	205	185	165	145
20 gage	4.50	48.60	400	400	385	335	290	255	225	200	175	155	140	125	115
	5.00	56.18	400	400	400	385	335	295	260	230	205	180	165	145	130
	5.25	59.96	400	400	400	400	360	315	275	245	220	195	175	155	140
	5.50	63.75	400	400	400	400	380	335	295	260	230	205	185	165	150
	6.00	71.32	400	400	400	400	400	375	330	290	260	230	210	185	170
	6.25	75.11	400	400	400	400	400	395	345	310	275	245	220	200	180
	6.50	78.90	400	400	400	400	400	400	365	325	290	255	230	210	185
19 gage	4.50	55.85	400	400	400	385	335	295	260	230	205	185	165	150	130
	5.00	64.68	400	400	400	400	390	345	300	270	240	215	190	175	155
	5.25	69.10	400	400	400	400	400	365	325	285	255	230	205	185	170
	5.50	73.52	400	400	400	400	400	390	345	305	270	245	220	200	180
	6.00	82.35	400	400	400	400	400	400	385	345	305	275	245	220	200
	6.25	86.77	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	360	320	290	260	235	210
	6.50	91.19	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	380	340	305	275	245	225
18 gage	4.50	62.08	400	400	400	400	375	330	290	260	230	205	180	165	135
	5.00	72.04	400	400	400	400	400	385	340	300	270	240	220	195	180
	5.25	77.02	400	400	400	400	400	400	365	325	290	260	235	210	190
	5.50	82.00	400	400	400	400	400	400	390	345	305	275	250	225	205
	6.00	91.95	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	385	345	310	280	250	230
	6.25	96.93	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	365	325	295	265	240
	6.50	101.91	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	385	345	310	280	255
16 gage	4.50	62.08	400	400	400	400	375	330	290	260	230	205	180	155	135
	5.00	72.04	400	400	400	400	400	400	385	340	300	270	240	220	195
	5.25	77.02	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	365	325	290	260	235	210
	5.50	82.00	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	390	345	305	275	250	225
	6.00	91.95	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	385	345	310	280	250
	6.25	96.93	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	365	325	295	265
	6.50	101.91	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	385	345	310	280
22 gage	4.50	33.12	355	295	250	215	185	160	140	125	110	95	85	75	65
	5.25	35.69	380	320	270	235	200	175	150	135	115	105	90	80	70
	5.50	38.29	400	345	290	250	215	185	165	145	125	110	100	85	75
	6.00	43.58	400	395	335	285	245	215	185	165	145	130	115	100	90
	6.25	46.26	400	400	355	305	260	230	200	175	155	135	120	105	95
	6.50	48.97	400	400	375	320	280	240	210	185	165	145	130	115	100
	7.00	54.44	400	400	400	380	310	270	235	205	185	160	145	125	115
20 gage	4.50	33.77	365	305	260	225	195	170	145	130	115	100	90	80	70
	5.00	39.80	400	360	310	265	230	200	175	155	135	120	105	95	85
	5.25	42.91	400	390	335	285	245	215	190	165	145	130	115	105	90
	5.50	46.05	400	400	360	305	265	230	205	180	160	140	125	110	100
	6.00	52.47	400	400	400	350	305	265	235	205	180	160	145	130	115
	6.25	55.73	400	400	400	375	325	280	250	220	195	170	155	135	120
	6.50	59.02	400	400	400	395	345	300	265	230	205	180	160	145	130
19 gage	4.50	38.67	400	355	300	260	225	195	170	150	135	120	105	95	85
	5.00	45.61	400	400	360	310	265	235	205	180	160	140	125	115	100
	5.25	49.19	400	400	385	330	290	250	220	195	175	155	135	125	110
	5.50	52.63	400	400	400	355	310	270	240	210	185	165	150	130	120
	6.00	60.25	400	400	400	400	355	310	270	240	215	190	170	150	135
	6.25	64.02	400	400	400	400	375	330	290	255	225	205	180	160	145
	6.50	67.83	400	400	400	400	400	350	310	270	240	215	190	175	155
18 gage	4.50	42.99	400	395	340	290	255	220	195	170	150	135	120	110	95
	5.00	50.72	400	400	400	345	300	260	230	205	180	160	145	130	115
	5.25	54.72	400	400	400	375	325	285	250	220	195	175	155	140	125
	5.50	58.78	400	400	400	400	350	305	270	235	210	190	170	150	135
	6.00	67.07	400	400	400	400	400	350	305	270	240	215	195	175	155
	6.25	71.29	400	400	400	400	400	370	325	290	255	230	205	185	165
	6.50	75.55	400	400	400	400	400	395	345	305	275	245	220	195	175
16 gage	4.50	42.99	400	395	340	290	255	220	195	170	150	135	120	110	95
	5.00	50.72	400	400	400	345	300	260	230	205	180	160	145	130	115
	5.25	54.72	400	400	400	375	325	285	250	220	195	175	155	140	125
	5.50	58.78	400	400	400	400	350	305	270	235	210	190	170	150	135
	6.00	67.07	400	400	400	400	400	350	305	270	240	215	195	175	155
	6.25	71.29	400	400	400	400	400	370	325	290	255	230	205	185	165
	6.50	75.55	400	400	400	400	400	395	345	305	275	245	220	195	175



1 STUD/FT.  
NO STUDS

\* The Uniform Live Loads are based on the LRFD equation  $\phi M_n = (1.6L + 1.2D)/8$ . Although there are other load combinations that may require investigation, this will control most of the time. The equation assumes there is no negative bending reinforcement over the beams and therefore each composite slab is a single span. Two sets of values are shown;  $\phi M_n$  is used to calculate the uniform load when the full required number of studs is present;  $\phi M_{no}$  is used to calculate the load when no studs are present. A straight line interpolation can be done if the average number of studs is between zero and the required number needed to develop the "full" factored moment. The tabulated loads are checked for shear controlling (it seldom does), and also limited to a live load deflection of 1/360 of the span.

An upper limit of 400 psf has been applied to the tabulated loads. This has been done to guard against equating large concentrated to uniform loads. Concentrated loads may require special analysis and design to take care of serviceability requirements not covered by simply using a uniform load value. On the other hand, for any load combination the values provided by the composite properties can be used in the calculations.

Welded wire fabric in the required amount is assumed for the table values. If welded wire fabric is not present, deduct 10% from the listed loads.

Refer to the example problems for the use of the tables.

Appendix B – Two-way slab with drop panels

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Two-way slab with drop panels

Diagram showing a two-way slab with drop panels. The slab is bounded by grid lines A, B, C, and D. The horizontal spacing between grid lines A and B is 17'-0". The vertical spacing between grid lines A and B is 29'-4". The vertical spacing between grid lines B and C is 24'-0". The vertical spacing between grid lines C and D is 29'-4". The horizontal spacing between grid lines B and C is 34'-0". The floor height is 14'-8".

assume column sizes 14" x 14"  
 $f'_c = 4000$  psi  
 $f_y = 60,000$  psi  
Line Load = 80 psi + 20 = 100 psf  
partitions  
Dead Load = 20 psi collateral

min slab thickness  
For exterior panels using drop panels without edge beams  
 $t = \frac{L_n}{33} = \frac{29.33(12) - 14}{33} = 10.25'' \leftarrow \text{governs}$

For interior panels  
 $t = \frac{L_n}{36} = \frac{24(12) - 14}{36} = 7.6 \rightarrow 7.75''$

Note:  
Frames A and B analyzed as if columns were aligned in a straight line, as opposed to the slanted column grid that they actually follow.

$W_u = 1.2 \left( \frac{10.25}{12} (110) + 20 \right) + 1.6 (100) = 300$  psf end span  
 $W_u = 1.2 \left( \frac{7.75}{12} (110) + 20 \right) + 1.6 (100) = 270$  psf interior

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Drop Panels                      punching shear                      page 2

$$V_u = 34 \left( \frac{29.33}{2} \right) (.3) + 34 \left( \frac{24}{2} \right) (.27) = 260 \text{ K}$$
$$\phi V_c = \phi 4 (\sqrt{f'_c}) b_o d \geq V_u$$
$$= .75 (4) \sqrt{4000} (4 (14+d) (d))$$
$$260 = 10625 d + 759 d^2$$
$$d = 14''$$

Using #8 bars

$$h_{min} = 14 + 3/4 + 1 + 1/2 = 16.25'' \leftarrow \text{governs}$$

panel shear

assume panels to be 12' x 12'

$$V_u = 34 \left( \frac{29.33}{2} \right) (.3) = 150 \text{ K}$$
$$\phi V_c = \phi 2 \sqrt{f'_c} b_w d \geq V_u$$
$$150 = .75 (2) \sqrt{4000} (144) d$$
$$d = 13''$$
$$h_{min} = 13 + 3/4 + 1 + .5 = 15.25''$$

try panels @ 10' x 10'

$$150 = .75 (2) \sqrt{4000} (120) d$$
$$d = 13.25$$
$$h_{min} = 13.25 + 3/4 + 1 + .5 = 15.5''$$

panel depth

$$16.25 - 10.25 = 6''$$
$$16.25 - 7.75 = 8.5''$$

Use 10' x 10' drop panels with #8 bars  
@ 6" depth for 10.25" end panel  
and 8.5" depth for 7.75" interior panel

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Tech 2

Two-way slab  
page 3

Equivalent Frame Method

$$I_s = \frac{bh^3}{12} = \frac{34(10.25)^3(12)}{12} = 36614 \text{ in}^4$$

$$I_s = \frac{34(12)(7.75)^3}{12} = 15826 \text{ in}^4$$

end span

$$K_s = \frac{4E_c I_s}{l_n - c_1/2} = \frac{4E_c (36614)}{29.33(12) - 14/2} = 425 E_c$$

interior

$$K_s = \frac{4(15826)E_c}{24(12) - 14/2} = 225 E_c$$

$$I_c = \frac{14(34)^3}{12} = 45855$$

$$K_c = \frac{4I_c E_c}{H - 2t} = \frac{4(45855)E_c}{14.67(12) - 2(16.25)} = 1278 E_c$$

$$K_+ = \frac{9E_c C}{l_2(1 - c_2/l_2)^3} = \frac{9(4613)E_c}{34(12)(1 - 14/34(12))^3} = 113 E_c$$

$$C = (1 - .63 \frac{x}{y})(\frac{x^3 y}{3}) = (1 - .63(\frac{16.25}{14}))(\frac{16.25^3(12)}{3}) = 4613$$

$$\frac{1}{K_{ec}} = \frac{1}{2(1278)} + \frac{1}{2(113)} \quad K_{ec} = 208 E_c$$

Distribution Factors

a	b	c	d	e	f
---	---	---	---	---	---

$$DF_A = \frac{425}{425 + 208} = .671 = DF_F$$

$$DF_B = \frac{425}{425 + 208 + 225} = .495 = DF_E$$

$$DF_C = \frac{225}{425 + 208 + 225} = .262 = DF_D$$

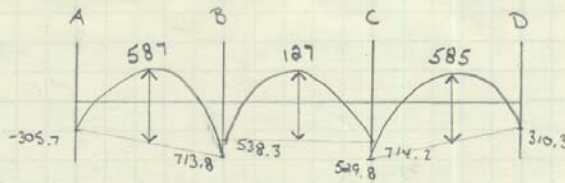


Josh Behun

Tech 2

Two-way slab

page 5



$$\frac{wL^2}{8} \text{ end } = \frac{0.3(34)29.33^2}{8} = 1096.8 \text{ 'K}$$

$$\text{interior } = \frac{0.27(34)29^2}{8} = 661 \text{ 'K}$$

$$\text{Max } M_u^- = 714.2 \text{ 'K}$$

$$\text{Max } M_u^+ = 587 \text{ 'K}$$

Note 1: assume #8 bars  
 $d = 16.25 - 3/4 - 1/2 = 15''$   
 $d = 10.25 - 3/4 - 1/2 = 9''$

Column strip  
 $M_u^- = .75(714.2) = 535.7$   
 $M_u^+ = .6(587) = 352.2$

middle strip  
 $M_u^- = .25(714.2) = 178.6$   
 $M_u^+ = .4(587) = 234.8$

		$M_u^-$		$M_u^+$		
		CS	MS	CS	MS	
1	Moments	535.7	178.6	352.2	234.8	
2	Effective Depth $d$	15"	9"	9"	9"	*Note 1
3	$M_u = M_u/\phi$	595.2	198.4	391.3	260.9	$\phi = .9$
4	$R = \frac{M_u(12000)}{bd^2}$	156	144	284	190	$b = 204''$
5	Reinforcement Ratio $\rho$	.0027	.0025	.0050	.00325	Table A.5a (NBD)
6	$A_s = \rho db$	8.26	4.59	9.18	5.97	
7	$A_{s,min} = .0018 bt$	3.76	3.76	3.76	3.76	
8	Number of bars $N = A_s/A_{s,bar}$	11	6	12	9	#8 bars
9	Min # of bars $N_{min} = b/at$	10	10	10	10	
10	Bar spacing $s = b/N$	18.5"	20.5"	17"	20.5"	
11	Reinforcement Used	(11) #8 @ 18.5"	(10) #8 @ 20.5"	(12) #8 @ 17"	(10) #8 @ 20.5"	

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A Computer Program Analysis, Design, and Investigation of  
 Reinforced Concrete Slab and Continuous Beam Systems

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[2] DESIGN RESULTS

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Top Reinforcement:

Units: Width (ft), Mmax (k-ft), Xmax (ft), As (in <sup>2</sup> ), Sp (in)											
Span	Strip	Zone	Width	Mmax	Xmax	AsMin	AsMax	SpReq	AsReq	Bars	
1	Column	Left	14.67	0.18	0.204	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.005	11-#5	
		Middle	14.67	0.63	0.379	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.017	11-#5	
		Right	14.67	1.47	0.584	3.248	26.829	7.335	0.039	24-#5	
	Middle	Left	14.67	0.00	0.204	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5	
		Middle	14.67	0.00	0.379	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5	
		Right	14.67	0.00	0.584	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5	
	2	Column	Left	14.67	263.06	0.583	3.248	26.829	7.335	7.240	24-#5
			Middle	14.67	0.00	18.250	0.000	26.829	0.000	0.000	---
			Right	14.67	840.81	35.917	3.248	26.829	2.071	26.233	85-#5
Middle		Left	14.67	-0.00	0.583	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5	
		Middle	14.67	0.00	18.250	0.000	26.829	0.000	0.000	---	
		Right	14.67	280.28	35.917	3.248	26.829	7.042	7.738	25-#5	
3		Column	Left	14.67	771.21	0.583	3.248	26.829	2.071	23.628	85-#5
			Middle	14.67	102.99	12.075	3.248	26.829	16.004	2.758	11-#5
			Right	14.67	561.76	33.417	3.248	26.829	3.260	16.391	54-#5
	Middle	Left	14.67	257.07	0.583	3.248	26.829	7.042	7.067	25-#5	
		Middle	14.67	34.33	12.075	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.909	11-#5	
		Right	14.67	187.25	33.417	3.248	26.829	10.355	5.085	17-#5	
	4	Column	Left	14.67	569.96	0.583	3.248	26.829	3.260	16.660	54-#5
			Middle	14.67	23.05	21.925	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.609	11-#5
			Right	14.67	580.43	33.417	3.248	26.829	3.201	17.005	55-#5
Middle		Left	14.67	189.99	0.583	3.248	26.829	10.355	5.162	17-#5	
		Middle	14.67	7.68	21.925	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.203	11-#5	
		Right	14.67	193.48	33.417	3.248	26.829	10.355	5.260	17-#5	

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5 Column	Left	14.67	571.44	0.583	3.248	26.829	3.201	16.709	55-#5
	Middle	14.67	74.81	21.925	3.248	26.829	16.004	1.994	11-#5
	Right	14.67	711.40	33.417	3.248	26.829	2.347	21.477	75-#5
	Middle Left	14.67	190.48	0.583	3.248	26.829	10.355	5.176	17-#5
	Middle Middle	14.67	24.94	21.925	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.659	11-#5
	Middle Right	14.67	237.13	33.417	3.248	26.829	7.654	6.496	23-#5
6 Column	Left	14.67	758.45	0.583	3.248	26.829	2.347	23.163	75-#5
	Middle	14.67	4.27	12.075	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.113	11-#5
	Right	14.67	210.31	33.417	3.248	26.829	9.265	5.734	19-#5
	Middle Left	14.67	252.83	0.583	3.248	26.829	7.654	6.945	23-#5
	Middle Middle	14.67	0.83	12.075	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.022	11-#5
	Middle Right	14.67	-0.00	33.417	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5
7 Column	Left	14.67	0.79	0.583	3.248	26.829	9.265	0.021	19-#5
	Middle	14.67	0.34	0.788	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.009	11-#5
	Right	14.67	0.10	0.963	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.003	11-#5
	Middle Left	14.67	0.00	0.583	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5
	Middle Middle	14.67	0.00	0.788	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5
	Middle Right	14.67	0.00	0.963	3.248	26.829	16.004	0.000	11-#5

Top Bar Details:

Units: Length (ft)

Span Strip	Left		Continuous		Right					
	Bars	Length	Bars	Length	Bars	Length	Bars	Length		
1 Column	---	---	---	---	11-#5	1.17	7-#5	1.17	6-#5	1.17
Middle	---	---	---	---	11-#5	1.17	---	---	---	---
2 Column	12-#5	12.24	12-#5	7.65	---	---	43-#5	14.63	42-#5	7.65
Middle	11-#5	8.36	---	---	---	---	25-#5	14.63	---	---
3 Column	37-#5	12.86	37-#5	7.15	11-#5	34.00	22-#5	11.42	21-#5	7.15
Middle	14-#5	7.81	---	---	11-#5	34.00	6-#5	7.81	---	---
4 Column	22-#5	11.42	21-#5	7.15	11-#5	34.00	22-#5	11.42	22-#5	7.15
Middle	6-#5	7.81	---	---	11-#5	34.00	6-#5	7.81	---	---
5 Column	22-#5	11.42	22-#5	7.15	11-#5	34.00	32-#5	11.42	32-#5	7.15
Middle	6-#5	7.81	---	---	11-#5	34.00	12-#5	7.81	---	---
6 Column	32-#5	11.42	32-#5	7.15	11-#5	34.00	8-#5	11.42	---	---
Middle	12-#5	7.81	---	---	11-#5	34.00	---	---	---	---
7 Column	8-#5	1.17	---	---	11-#5	1.17	---	---	---	---
Middle	---	---	---	---	11-#5	1.17	---	---	---	---

Bottom Reinforcement:

Units: Width (ft), Mmax (k-ft), Xmax (ft), As (in^2), Sp (in)

Span Strip	Width	Mmax	Xmax	AsMin	AsMax	SpReq	AsReq	Bars
1 Column	14.67	0.00	0.000	0.000	26.829	0.000	0.000	---
Middle	14.67	0.00	0.000	0.000	26.829	0.000	0.000	---
2 Column	14.67	359.99	15.335	3.248	26.829	5.335	10.085	33-#5
Middle	14.67	239.99	15.335	3.248	26.829	8.002	6.578	22-#5
3 Column	14.67	201.68	17.750	3.248	26.829	9.780	5.491	18-#5
Middle	14.67	134.45	17.750	3.248	26.829	14.670	3.619	12-#5
4 Column	14.67	241.13	17.000	3.248	26.829	8.002	6.610	22-#5
Middle	14.67	160.75	17.000	3.248	26.829	11.736	4.346	15-#5
5 Column	14.67	205.54	16.250	3.248	26.829	9.265	5.600	19-#5
Middle	14.67	137.03	16.250	3.248	26.829	14.670	3.690	12-#5
6 Column	14.67	310.11	20.000	3.248	26.829	6.287	8.608	28-#5
Middle	14.67	206.74	20.000	3.248	26.829	9.265	5.633	19-#5
7 Column	14.67	0.00	1.167	0.000	26.829	0.000	0.000	---
Middle	14.67	0.00	1.167	0.000	26.829	0.000	0.000	---

Bottom Bar Details:

Units: Start (ft), Length (ft)

Span Strip	Long Bars			Short Bars		
	Bars	Start	Length	Bars	Start	Length
1 Column	---	---	---	---	---	---



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Middle	---	---	---	---	---	---
2 Column	33-#5	0.00	36.50	---	---	---
Middle	11-#5	0.00	36.50	11-#5	0.00	31.02
3 Column	18-#5	0.00	34.00	---	---	---
Middle	11-#5	0.00	34.00	1-#5	5.10	23.80
4 Column	22-#5	0.00	34.00	---	---	---
Middle	11-#5	0.00	34.00	4-#5	5.10	23.80
5 Column	19-#5	0.00	34.00	---	---	---
Middle	11-#5	0.00	34.00	1-#5	5.10	23.80
6 Column	28-#5	0.00	34.00	---	---	---
Middle	11-#5	0.00	34.00	8-#5	5.10	28.90
7 Column	---	---	---	---	---	---
Middle	---	---	---	---	---	---

Flexural Capacity:

Units: From, To (ft), As (in <sup>2</sup> ), PhiMn (k-ft)							
Span	Strip	From	To	AsTop	AsBot	PhiMn-	PhiMn+
1	Column	0.000	0.204	7.44	0.00	-270.00	0.00
		0.204	0.379	7.44	0.00	-270.00	0.00
		0.379	0.584	7.44	0.00	-270.00	0.00
		0.584	0.584	7.44	0.00	-270.00	0.00
		0.584	1.000	7.44	0.00	-270.00	0.00
		1.000	1.167	7.44	0.00	-270.00	0.00
	Middle	0.000	0.204	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
		0.204	0.379	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
		0.379	0.584	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
		0.584	0.584	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
		0.584	1.167	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
		1.167	1.167	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
2	Column	0.000	0.583	7.44	10.23	-270.00	364.82
		0.583	6.497	7.44	10.23	-270.00	364.82
		6.497	7.651	3.72	10.23	-138.12	364.82
		7.651	11.090	3.72	10.23	-138.12	364.82
		11.090	12.244	0.00	10.23	0.00	364.82
		12.244	12.950	0.00	10.23	0.00	364.82
		12.950	18.250	0.00	10.23	0.00	364.82
		18.250	21.872	0.00	10.23	0.00	364.82
		21.872	23.550	0.00	10.23	0.00	364.82
		23.550	23.653	0.00	10.23	0.00	364.82
		23.653	28.849	13.33	10.23	-466.05	364.82
		28.849	30.631	13.33	10.23	-466.05	364.82
	Middle	0.000	0.583	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		0.583	7.357	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		7.357	8.357	0.00	6.82	0.00	248.46
		8.357	12.950	0.00	6.82	0.00	248.46
		12.950	18.250	0.00	6.82	0.00	248.46
		18.250	21.872	0.00	6.82	0.00	248.46
		21.872	23.056	0.00	6.82	0.00	248.46
		23.056	23.550	7.75	6.82	-280.71	248.46
		23.550	29.881	7.75	6.82	-280.71	248.46
		29.881	31.025	7.75	3.41	-280.71	126.85
		31.025	35.917	7.75	3.41	-280.71	126.85
		35.917	36.500	7.75	3.41	-280.71	126.85
3	Column	0.000	0.583	26.35	5.58	-843.87	204.84
		0.583	5.546	26.35	5.58	-843.87	204.84
		5.546	7.151	14.88	5.58	-515.03	204.84
		7.151	11.251	14.88	5.58	-515.03	204.84
		11.251	12.075	3.41	5.58	-126.85	204.84
		12.075	12.856	3.41	5.58	-126.85	204.84
		12.856	17.000	3.41	5.58	-126.85	204.84
		17.000	21.925	3.41	5.58	-126.85	204.84
		21.925	22.581	3.41	5.58	-126.85	204.84
		22.581	23.742	3.41	5.58	-126.85	204.84
		23.742	26.849	10.23	5.58	-364.82	204.84
		26.849	28.011	10.23	5.58	-364.82	204.84
	Middle	0.000	0.583	7.75	3.41	-280.71	126.85
		0.583	5.100	7.75	3.41	-280.71	126.85
		5.100	6.254	7.75	3.41	-280.71	126.85
		6.254	6.726	7.75	3.72	-280.71	138.12
		6.726	7.807	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		7.807	12.075	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		12.075	17.000	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12

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		17.000	21.925	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		21.925	26.193	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		26.193	27.337	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		27.337	27.746	5.27	3.72	-193.83	138.12
		27.746	28.900	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		28.900	33.417	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		33.417	34.000	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
4 Column		0.000	0.583	16.74	6.82	-572.39	248.46
		0.583	5.970	16.74	6.82	-572.39	248.46
		5.970	7.151	10.23	6.82	-364.82	248.46
		7.151	10.238	10.23	6.82	-364.82	248.46
		10.238	11.419	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		11.419	12.075	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		12.075	17.000	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		17.000	21.925	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		21.925	22.581	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		22.581	23.764	3.41	6.82	-126.85	248.46
		23.764	26.849	10.23	6.82	-364.82	248.46
		26.849	28.032	10.23	6.82	-364.82	248.46
		28.032	33.417	17.05	6.82	-581.80	248.46
		33.417	34.000	17.05	6.82	-581.80	248.46
Middle		0.000	0.583	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		0.583	5.100	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		5.100	6.208	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		6.208	6.646	5.27	4.65	-193.83	171.68
		6.646	7.807	3.41	4.65	-126.85	171.68
		7.807	12.075	3.41	4.65	-126.85	171.68
		12.075	17.000	3.41	4.65	-126.85	171.68
		17.000	21.925	3.41	4.65	-126.85	171.68
		21.925	26.193	3.41	4.65	-126.85	171.68
		26.193	27.376	3.41	4.65	-126.85	171.68
		27.376	27.792	5.27	4.65	-193.83	171.68
		27.792	28.900	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		28.900	33.417	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		33.417	34.000	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
5 Column		0.000	0.583	17.05	5.89	-581.80	215.81
		0.583	5.988	17.05	5.89	-581.80	215.81
		5.988	7.151	10.23	5.89	-364.82	215.81
		7.151	10.257	10.23	5.89	-364.82	215.81
		10.257	11.419	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		11.419	12.075	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		12.075	17.000	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		17.000	21.925	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		21.925	22.581	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		22.581	24.040	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		24.040	26.849	13.33	5.89	-466.05	215.81
		26.849	28.308	13.33	5.89	-466.05	215.81
		28.308	33.417	23.25	5.89	-760.85	215.81
		33.417	34.000	23.25	5.89	-760.85	215.81
Middle		0.000	0.583	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		0.583	5.100	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		5.100	6.276	5.27	3.41	-193.83	126.85
		6.276	6.643	5.27	3.72	-193.83	138.12
		6.643	7.807	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		7.807	12.075	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		12.075	17.000	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		17.000	21.925	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		21.925	26.193	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		26.193	27.273	3.41	3.72	-126.85	138.12
		27.273	27.724	7.13	3.72	-259.25	138.12
		27.724	28.900	7.13	3.41	-259.25	126.85
		28.900	33.417	7.13	3.41	-259.25	126.85
		33.417	34.000	7.13	3.41	-259.25	126.85
6 Column		0.000	0.583	23.25	8.68	-760.85	312.58
		0.583	5.578	23.25	8.68	-760.85	312.58
		5.578	7.151	13.33	8.68	-466.05	312.58
		7.151	9.846	13.33	8.68	-466.05	312.58
		9.846	11.419	3.41	8.68	-126.85	312.58
		11.419	12.075	3.41	8.68	-126.85	312.58
		12.075	17.000	3.41	8.68	-126.85	312.58
		17.000	21.925	3.41	8.68	-126.85	312.58
		21.925	22.581	3.41	8.68	-126.85	312.58
		22.581	23.736	3.41	8.68	-126.85	312.58
		23.736	33.417	5.89	8.68	-215.81	312.58
		33.417	34.000	5.89	8.68	-215.81	312.58
Middle		0.000	0.583	7.13	3.41	-259.25	126.85
		0.583	5.100	7.13	3.41	-259.25	126.85
		5.100	6.234	7.13	3.41	-259.25	126.85
		6.234	6.652	7.13	5.89	-259.25	215.81
		6.652	7.807	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		7.807	12.075	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
		12.075	17.000	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81

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	17.000	21.925	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
	21.925	33.417	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
	33.417	34.000	3.41	5.89	-126.85	215.81
7 Column	0.000	0.167	5.89	0.00	-215.81	0.00
	0.167	0.583	5.89	0.00	-215.81	0.00
	0.583	0.584	5.89	0.00	-215.81	0.00
	0.584	0.788	5.89	0.00	-215.81	0.00
	0.788	0.963	5.89	0.00	-215.81	0.00
	0.963	1.167	5.89	0.00	-215.81	0.00
Middle	0.000	0.583	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
	0.583	0.584	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
	0.584	0.788	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
	0.788	0.963	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00
	0.963	1.167	3.41	0.00	-126.85	0.00

Slab Shear Capacity:

Units: b, d (in), Xu (ft), PhiVc, Vu(kip)

Span	b	d	Vratio	PhiVc	Vu	Xu
1	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	0.00	0.00
2	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	162.49	35.21
3	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	137.72	1.29
4	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	129.08	32.71
5	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	134.23	32.71
6	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	152.88	1.29
7	352.08	8.44	1.000	239.55	0.00	0.00

Flexural Transfer of Negative Unbalanced Moment at Supports:

Units: Width (in), Munb (k-ft), As (in^2)

Supp	Width	GammaF*Munb	Comb	Pat	AsReq	AsProv	Additional Bars
1	---	Not checked	---				
2	62.75	115.21	U2	Even	3.205	9.393	---
3	62.75	84.58	U2	Even	2.317	5.967	---
4	62.75	80.72	U2	Even	2.207	6.078	---
5	62.75	96.09	U2	Even	2.648	8.288	---
6	---	Not checked	---				

Punching Shear Around Columns:

Units: Vu (kip), Munb (k-ft), vu (psi), Phi\*vc (psi)

Supp	Vu	Munb	Comb	Pat	GammaV	vu	Phi*vc
1	---	Not checked	---				
2	320.93	199.3			0.400	231.2	161.3 *EXCEEDED
3	266.73	165.6			0.400	175.8	161.3 *EXCEEDED
4	271.98	168.9			0.400	177.0	161.3 *EXCEEDED
5	307.84	191.2			0.400	213.1	161.3 *EXCEEDED
6	---	Not checked	---				

Punching Shear Around Drops:

Units: Vu (kip), vu (psi), Phi\*vc (psi)

Supp	Vu	Comb	Pat	vu	Phi*vc
1	116.18	U2	All	49.5	115.7
2	291.29	U2	All	68.8	106.6
3	238.46	U2	S3	56.3	106.6
4	242.34	U2	All	57.3	106.6
5	278.20	U2	All	65.7	106.6
6	102.28	U2	All	43.6	115.7

Maximum Deflections:

Units: Dz (in)

Span	Frame			Column Strip			Middle Strip		
	Dz (DEAD)	Dz (LIVE)	Dz (TOTAL)	Dz (DEAD)	Dz (LIVE)	Dz (TOTAL)	Dz (DEAD)	Dz (LIVE)	Dz (TOTAL)
1	0.039	0.062	0.101	0.062	0.099	0.161	0.015	0.025	0.040
2	-0.378	-0.665	-1.043	-0.558	-0.981	-1.539	-0.199	-0.349	-0.548
3	-0.077	-0.160	-0.237	-0.104	-0.215	-0.320	-0.050	-0.104	-0.154
4	-0.145	-0.313	-0.459	-0.196	-0.423	-0.619	-0.094	-0.204	-0.298
5	-0.093	-0.193	-0.286	-0.125	-0.261	-0.386	-0.060	-0.126	-0.186
6	-0.269	-0.502	-0.772	-0.397	-0.741	-1.138	-0.141	-0.264	-0.405
7	0.030	0.052	0.082	0.048	0.083	0.131	0.012	0.021	0.033

Material Takeoff:

Reinforcement in the Direction of Analysis

Top Bars:	9218.5 lb	<=>	52.73 lb/ft	<=>	1.797 lb/ft^2
Bottom Bars:	7066.6 lb	<=>	40.42 lb/ft	<=>	1.378 lb/ft^2
Stirrups:	0.0 lb	<=>	0.00 lb/ft	<=>	0.000 lb/ft^2
Total Steel:	16285.1 lb	<=>	93.15 lb/ft	<=>	3.175 lb/ft^2
Concrete:	4643.2 ft^3	<=>	26.56 ft^3/ft	<=>	0.905 ft^3/ft^2

SPAN c-c $f_c = f_2$ (ft)		FLAT SLAB SYSTEM With Drop Panels										SQUARE INTERIOR PANEL With Drop Panel(2)									
		SQUARE EDGE PANEL No Beams					SQUARE COLUMN No Beams					SQUARE EDGE PANEL No Beams					SQUARE COLUMN No Beams				
		Factored Superim- posed Load (psf)	Square Drop Panel Depth (in.)	Width (ft)	Size (in.)	Y <sub>r</sub>	Top Ext. + Bottom	Column Strip (1)	Middle Strip	Total Steel (psf)	Edge (ft-k)	Bot (ft-k)	Int. (ft-k)	Factored Superim- posed Load (psf)	Square Column Size (in.)	Y <sub>r</sub>	Top	Bottom	Column Strip	Middle Strip	Total Steel (psf)
$h = 12 \text{ in.} = \text{TOTAL SLAB DEPTH BETWEEN DROP PANELS}$																					
30	100	7.00	10.00	12	0.808	14#5 3	12#7	16#6	13#5	3.10	257.4	514.8	693.0	100	12	15#6	15#5	13#5	15#5	2.82	1.065
30	200	9.00	10.00	16	0.707	14#5 3	15#7	18#6	11#6	3.65	329.4	638.8	886.8	200	19	23#5	19#5	13#5	15#5	3.16	1.083
30	300	9.00	10.00	19	0.763	15#5 5	12#9	22#6	12#7	4.62	401.5	803.1	1081.0	300	22	15#7	17#6	10#7	15#5	4.02	1.083
30	400	11.00	10.00	21	0.681	16#5 3	17#8	14#8	11#8	5.27	473.2	946.3	1273.9	400	25	16#7	11#8	11#7	18#5	4.59	1.102
30	500	11.00	12.00	24	0.766	19#5 6	13#10	16#8	13#8	6.20	545.2	1090.4	1467.9	500	27	14#8	13#8	10#8	11#7	5.31	1.147
31	100	9.00	10.33	12	0.729	14#5 2	13#7	16#6	14#5	3.12	285.7	571.4	769.2	100	12	20#5	12#6	13#5	13#5	2.78	1.083
31	200	9.00	10.33	16	0.766	14#5 5	13#8	15#7	11#7	3.96	364.7	723.3	981.8	200	19	26#5	11#7	16#5	14#5	3.41	1.083
31	300	11.00	10.33	19	0.683	15#5 4	13#9	16#7	18#6	4.76	444.4	885.7	1196.4	300	23	15#7	18#6	14#6	12#6	4.10	1.102
31	400	11.00	10.33	22	0.749	18#5 6	19#8	15#8	16#7	5.68	522.9	1045.8	1407.8	400	25	14#8	16#7	13#7	14#6	4.98	1.102
31	500	11.00	12.40	27	0.735	15#6 4	18#9	14#9	12#8	6.78	595.3	1195.5	1613.4	500	27	16#8	12#9	11#8	13#7	5.93	1.147
32	100	9.00	10.67	12	0.794	15#5 5	11#8	17#6	13#6	3.33	314.9	625.9	847.9	100	12	16#6	16#5	14#5	14#5	2.90	1.083
32	200	11.00	10.67	16	0.640	15#5 2	12#9	15#7	13#7	4.27	403.4	806.8	1086.1	200	19	26#5	17#6	13#6	15#5	3.57	1.102
32	300	11.00	10.67	19	0.757	17#5 6	18#8	18#7	12#8	5.16	490.7	981.3	1321.0	300	23	22#6	15#7	12#7	13#6	4.43	1.102
32	400	11.00	12.80	25	0.729	20#5 5	14#10	16#8	11#9	6.21	575.3	1150.7	1549.0	400	26	15#8	11#9	11#8	12#7	5.37	1.147
32	500	11.00	12.80	33	0.718	16#6 4	16#10	15#9	13#8	7.14	651.1	1302.2	1752.9	500	33	17#8	13#9	12#8	18#6	6.12	1.147
33	100	11.00	11.00	12	0.678	15#5 1	16#7	17#6	14#6	3.44	347.3	694.7	935.1	100	12	16#6	14#6	11#6	14#5	2.97	1.102
33	200	11.00	11.00	16	0.743	18#5 5	13#9	16#7	18#6	4.45	443.7	891.5	1194.7	200	19	15#7	18#6	14#6	12#6	3.52	1.102
33	300	11.00	11.00	21	0.747	19#5 5	13#10	15#8	22#6	5.55	537.1	1074.2	1446.0	300	23	18#7	22#6	13#7	11#7	4.71	1.102
33	400	11.00	13.20	28	0.721	22#5 6	15#10	18#8	12#9	6.55	628.5	1257.0	1692.2	400	26	17#8	12#9	12#8	13#7	5.74	1.147
33	500	11.00	13.20	33	0.690	17#6 3	17#10	16#9	11#10	7.47	705.8	1411.6	1900.3	500	33	15#9	11#11	13#8	11#8	6.52	1.147
34	100	11.00	11.33	12	0.752	16#5 4	14#8	19#6	12#7	3.74	380.6	761.2	1024.7	100	12	18#6	22#5	12#6	15#5	3.16	1.102
34	200	11.00	11.33	17	0.757	17#5 6	14#9	18#7	12#8	4.83	485.4	970.8	1305.8	200	19	22#6	15#7	12#7	13#6	4.43	1.102
34	300	11.00	11.33	24	0.699	20#5 4	17#9	17#8	14#8	5.88	684.8	1169.6	1574.5	300	23	16#8	14#8	14#7	12#7	5.15	1.102
34	400	11.00	13.60	30	0.700	17#6 3	17#10	16#9	13#9	7.00	694.2	1363.3	1853.0	400	26	18#8	14#9	14#8	11#8	6.57	1.147
35	100	11.00	11.67	12	0.795	16#5 6	12#9	16#7	14#6	3.95	415.9	831.9	1119.8	100	12	19#6	17#6	13#6	16#5	3.32	1.102
35	200	11.00	11.67	19	0.752	18#5 6	15#8	16#8	16#7	4.98	529.2	1056.4	1422.1	200	19	18#7	22#6	13#7	20#5	4.31	1.102
35	300	11.00	11.67	26	0.715	22#5 6	15#10	18#6	15#10	6.24	539.9	1273.8	1714.8	300	23	17#8	20#7	12#8	13#7	5.43	1.102
35	400	11.00	14.00	33	0.706	18#6 5	18#10	17#9	14#9	7.34	734.7	1469.4	1978.1	400	32	16#9	18#8	14#8	12#8	6.42	1.147
36	100	11.00	12.00	14	0.767	16#5 6	13#9	22#6	14#7	4.17	451.1	902.3	1214.6	100	12	16#7	14#7	20#5	17#5	3.58	1.102
36	200	11.00	12.00	21	0.760	20#5 7	17#9	16#8	14#8	5.45	573.5	1147.0	1544.0	200	19	37#5	14#8	14#7	12#7	4.71	1.102
36	300	11.00	12.00	29	0.704	17#6 5	17#10	16#9	13#9	6.66	686.8	1373.6	1849.1	300	25	18#8	17#8	22#6	14#7	5.68	1.102
36	400	11.00	14.40	36	0.660	27#5 5	19#10	18#9	13#9	7.67	793.0	1586.1	2135.1	400	34	17#9	13#10	12#9	22#6	6.84	1.147

NOTES: (1) 50 percent of these bars may be placed in the middle third of column strip. (2) Drop panels same size as for edge panels. (3) Same column size above and below slab.

Appendix C – Hollowcore planks on steel girders

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Hollowcore planks on steel girders

Typical Bay

$W_{LL} = 100$  psf  
 $W_{DL} = 20$  psf partition allowance  
 $20$  psf superimposed/collateral (assumed)  
140 psf total service load

From Witterhouse Concrete Products load tables  
using 10" x 4'-0" hollow core plank @ 29'-4" span  
with (7) 1/2"  $\emptyset$ , 270 K Lo-Relaxation planks  
and 2 hr fire rating with 2" topping

$W_{allow} = 153$  psf > 140 psf ok

34'-0"  
8.5 planks to span bay

29'-4"

Josh Behun

Tech 2

Hollowcore page 2

Girder Check

$$w_{LL} = 100 \text{ psf} \left[ \frac{30'}{2} + \frac{34'}{2} \right] = 3.2 \text{ klf}$$

$$w_{DL} = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 68 \text{ psf} & + & 25 \text{ psf} & + & 20 \text{ psf} & + & 20 \text{ psf} \end{array} \right] \left[ \frac{30'}{2} + \frac{34'}{2} \right]$$

plank            topping            partition            collateral

$$= 3.59 \text{ klf}$$

$$w_u = 1.2(3.59) + 1.6(3.2) = 9.5 \text{ klf}$$

$$M_u = \frac{w_u L^2}{12} = \frac{9.5(34)^2}{12} = 915 \text{ 'k}$$

assuming - beam fully braced by hollowcore grout making  $L_b = 0'$  so that  $M^+$  will not control  
- fixed end connections

Try w30x90 (current girder)

$$\Delta L = \frac{L}{360} = \frac{34'(12)}{360} \geq \frac{wL^4}{384 EI} = \frac{3.2(34)^4(1728)}{384(29000)(3610)}$$
$$1.13'' \geq .18'' \text{ ok}$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{L}{240} = \frac{34'(12)}{240} \geq \frac{9.5(34)^4(1728)}{384(29000)(3610)}$$
$$1.7 \geq .55 \text{ ok}$$

Try w27x84

$$\Delta L = \frac{L}{360} = \frac{34(12)}{360} \geq \frac{3.2(34)^4(1728)}{384(29000)(2850)}$$
$$1.13'' \geq .23'' \text{ ok}$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{L}{240} = \frac{34(12)}{240} \geq \frac{9.5(34)^4(1728)}{384(29000)(2850)}$$
$$1.7 \geq .69 \text{ ok}$$

\* based on deflection could easily use smaller girders

Appendix D – Waffle Slab

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Waffle Slab

15"

30"

3"

19" x 19" columns

Live Load = 80 psf

Dead Load = 20 psf

$W_u = 1.2(20) + 1.6(80) = 153 \text{ psf}$

Self Weight =  $\frac{3}{12}(150) + \left[ \frac{12}{12}(150)(.673) \right] = 140 \text{ psf}$

using Normal weight concrete

